



GOLF EXAM

2011-2012

- T F 1. A player, taking relief from casual water, may not clean his ball.
- T F 2. A player's ball lies in a bunker. During the backswing the player's club brushes the sand lightly. No Penalty.
- T F 3. The margin of a water hazard extends vertically upwards.
- T F 4. Each player should mark their ball so that they can properly identify the ball.
- T F 5. Apron and fringe both refer to a grass area bordering a putting surface.
- T F 6. When a player has placed their feet in position to play a ball, they have taken their stance.
- T F 7. Through the green, a player brushes away some loose soil where they are about to drop the ball. This is not a breach of the rules.
- _____ 8. A ball is in deep "rough" with mud clinging to it. The player may:
 (A) Lift for identification only
 (B) Lift and clean the ball
 (C) Lift and clean it to the extent necessary for identification.
- T F 9. A player's ball lies in a bunker covered by sand. They may use a club head to search for the ball.
- T F 10. A player deems their ball unplayable in a bunker. Under penalty of a stroke, they may remove the ball and play it at the spot where they stroked the ball into the bunker.
- T F 11. Regardless of the type of play, if a player's ball is moved by another ball anywhere on the course, the player's ball must be replaced. No Penalty.
- _____ 12. Lateral water hazards should be marked by: (A) Yellow stakes or lines (B) White stakes only (C) Red stakes or lines (D) Yellow stakes only.
- T F 13. A "mulligan" is never permitted in a competition played strictly by the Rules of Golf.
- T F 14. Through the green a player removes a small rock touching their ball. The ball moves. The ball is replaced with no penalty.
- T F 15. Prior to putting from the "apron" of the green, a player using their hand, brushes aside sand which had been splashed onto the "apron". This is permissible.
- T F 16. The putting green may never be touched with the hand, foot, club, flag or other object when pointing out the line to a player.
- T F 17. A player may use their hand to bend foliage which interferes with their ability to stroke the ball fairly.
- _____ 18. A player may, under Rule 22, have another ball lifted if it:
 (A) Interferes physically with their play
 (B) Interferes mentally with their play
 (C) Either A or B.
- T F 19. A cart path interferes with a player's stance. They may determine the nearest point of relief, no nearer the hole and drop within one club-length.
- T F 20. A player declares their ball unplayable outside a water hazard. Their opponent disputes this claim. A referee must decide when the ball is unplayable.

- T F 21. A dropped ball rolls and comes to rest more than two club-lengths from where it struck the ground but is no nearer the hole. The ball must be re-dropped.
- T F 22. A player's ball lies on a paved cart path. They may take relief on either side of the path.
- T F 23. A player removes an out of bounds stake which interfered with their swing. This is permitted.
- T F 24. A player from the teeing ground decides to hit a provisional ball. The player should wait until his fellow competitors have played their first stroke.
- T F 25. Only the club head may be used to strike the ball.
- T F 26. In stroke play a competitor's ball rebounds from a cart path and strikes a fellow competitor. No penalty.
- T F 27. When a ball is out of bounds or lost, it is no longer in play.
- T F 28. Thinking their ball is out of bounds, a player plays a provisional ball from the teeing ground. They search for five minutes but do not find the original ball. They play the provisional ball to the hole. The original ball is then found and is not out of bounds. The original ball is in play.
- T F 29. The line defining ground under repair is not considered ground under repair.
- T F 30. A ball is embedded within a water hazard. A player may obtain relief without penalty under the embedded ball rule.
- _____ 31. A ball is holed when:
 (A) any part of it is below the lip of the hole
 (B) All of it is below the lip of the hole
 (C) Most of it is below the lip of the hole.
- T F 32. Prior to taking his stance, a player uses their club to break a small seedling which was immediately to the rear of their ball. They have improved the lie of his ball.
- _____ 33. A player's ball is covered with mud outside a hazard. They want to lift and identify the ball. The first thing they must do is:
 (A) Mark the spot
 (B) Lift his ball
 (C) Advise their opponent.
- T F 34. A player leans on his putter during a round and the shaft breaks. This accidental damage could be considered as occurring during "normal course of play".
- T F 35. The line for out of bounds extends vertically upwards and downwards.
- T F 36. A player's ball lies on a movable obstruction. They may lift and drop their ball, but they may not clean the ball.
- _____ 37. A player plays their second shot to the green, and their ball strikes the flagstick which was left lying on the green by the preceding group. What is the ruling?
 (A) Two penalty strokes, and the ball played as it lies
 (B) Player replays the stroke without penalty
 (C) Without penalty the ball is played as it lies.
- T F 38. From the teeing ground a player's ball lands in a bunker and is unplayable. Under a penalty stroke

- they may play their next stroke from the teeing ground.
- _____ 39. A provisional ball may be played whenever a player thinks their original ball may be:
 (A) Lost in a water hazard or out of bounds
 (B) Out of bounds
 (C) Unplayable or out of bounds.
- T F 40. A flat sprinkler head on the “apron” of the green intervenes on a player’s line of putt. Relief is permitted.
- _____ 41. A player’s ball lies in a bunker. They lean on their club in the bunker while waiting his turn to play. What is the ruling?
 (A) No penalty because they have not taken their stance
 (B) Two-stroke penalty
 (C) No penalty because they have not addressed the ball.
- T F 42. Information on the Rules is not advice.
- _____ 43. A player cleans their ball when determining whether it is unfit for play. (A) Two stroke penalty (B) One stroke penalty (C) No penalty.
- T F 44. Part of a player’s ball lies within ground under repair. The whole ball is not within such ground. Relief is permitted
- _____ 45. A player’s ball is in excellent lie within a water hazard, but their backswing is restricted by an immovable obstruction. They may do which of the following?
 (A) Declare the ball unplayable
 (B) Take relief from obstruction without penalty
 (C) Neither of the above.
- _____ 46. The whole ball rests on a line on the ground defining out of bounds. A player may:
 (A) Play the ball
 (B) Not play the ball because it is out of bounds
 (C) Stand out of bounds and play the ball
 (D) Play the ball if his stance is within bounds.
- T F 47. A player’s ball lies in casual water in the “rough”. They are entitled to drop from casual water. The dropped ball rolls onto the “fairway”, no nearer the hole. They must re-drop in the “rough”.
- T F 48. Strokes played with a wrong ball do not count in a competitor’s score.
- T F 49. A player’s ball lands on the “apron” of a wrong green. They must drop within one club-length of the “apron”, no nearer the hole.
- T F 50. A player’s ball rests against a movable bench. They may remove the bench or drop within one club-length of the spot.
- _____ 51. A player wraps their handkerchief around the grip of their club to make a stroke.
 (A) Handkerchief must be removed prior to the stroke
 (B) This is permissible.
- T F 52. If a competitor is doubtful of his rights, they may play a second ball in addition to their original ball. They must choose which one they will score with if the Rules permit.
- T F 53. A player’s ball lies close to a paved cart path. They are prohibited from standing on the path to stroke the ball. They must take relief.

- _____ 54. A player's ball lies in a bunker. A fallen tree limb is touching the ball.
 (A) Player may remove the limb
 (B) Player may not remove limb, but they may drop another ball
 (C) None of the above.
- _____ 55. A player's ball lies in a water hazard. A hole by a burrowing animal interferes with their stance. What is the ruling?
 (A) Play the ball as it lies
 (B) Proceed under the water hazard Rule
 (C) Either of the above.
- _____ 56. Sand may be considered a loose impediment and removed from the line of play when:
 (A) On the green or "apron" of the green
 (B) On the green only
 (C) On the green or on the "apron" of the green if the player chooses to putt.
- T F 57. The wind is an outside agency but water is not.
- T F 58. A bird's nest in a hazard interferes with a player's stance. They are entitled to relief without penalty but must drop the ball in the hazard no nearer the hole.
- T F 59. A player may not declare their ball unplayable in a bunker.
- _____ 60. A player's ball lies within a water hazard. he may:
 (A) Play the ball if it is playable
 (B) Drop on a line from the hole to the point where ball last crossed the margin of the hazard
 (C) Return to the spot he last stroked the ball
 (D) Do any of the above.
- _____ 61. A player with more than 14 clubs may incur a maximum penalty of:
 (A) One stroke for each hole played
 (B) Two strokes
 (C) Two strokes for each hole played
 (D) Four strokes.
- T F 62. A player's ball lies on a movable obstruction within a hazard. They get no relief without a penalty.
- T F 63. A player asks their opponent if a bunker exists beyond a dogleg of the hole being played. This is permitted because it is public information.
- T F 64. Loose impediments are natural objects provided they are not fixed or growing.
- T F 65. A putt stops an inch from the hole. The player then taps the ball with the grip end of the putter and holes out. This is prohibited.
- T F 66. The outside of a stake determines the out of bounds line.
- T F 67. The whole ball rests on a line defining out of bounds. The ball is in play.
- T F 68. A player's ball is touching a water hazard stake and the ball is in the hazard. The stake may be removed.
- T F 69. A ball is out of bounds when any part of it is out of bounds.

- _____ 70. A player has not begun a search for their ball, but their opponent has spent 3 minutes searching for the ball. The player has _____ minutes left to search for the lost ball.
(A) 2 minutes
(B) 5 minutes
(C) 7 minutes.
- T F 71. Equipment includes anything used, worn, carried by or for the player.
- T F 72. There is no penalty when a player plays a wrong ball from any hazard.
- T F 73. A player's ball lies within an area marked ground under repair. They may play the ball as it lies.
- T F 74. A player declares their ball to be lost without searching for it. This is a breach of the rules.
- _____ 75. A lateral water hazard is one which is: (
(A) Perpendicular to the line of play
(B) Out of the line of play
(C) Parallel to the line of play.
- T F 76. A player's ball lands on a wrong putting green. They get no relief without penalty.
- T F 77. A competitor in stroke play is disqualified if they fail to hole out before playing from the next tee.
- T F 78. The teeing ground is two club-lengths in depth.
- T F 79. Loose impediments on the putting green may be brushed aside with a player's hand or club only.
- T F 80. The margin of a water hazard extends vertically upwards, but the margin of a bunker does not.
- T F 81. A player's ball lies near a flat sprinkler head. The sprinkler head interferes with his stance. The player may take relief without penalty.
- T F 82. A tall weed in the "rough" interferes with a player's backswing. Prior to the stroke, the player bends the weed out of his way. This is permissible.
- T F 83. A player's ball lies on a replaced divot. To preserve the course, he presses down on the area with his foot. This is prohibited.
- T F 84. A rain shelter intervenes on a player's line of play to the hole. It does not interfere with his intended stroke. He must play the ball as it lies.
- _____ 85. Relief from a movable obstruction is:
(A) One club-length
(B) Two club lengths
(C) None of the above.
- T F 86. The flagstick is removed and placed on the putting green. A competitor putt and the ball rolls beyond the hole and strikes the flagstick. The ball shall be played as it lies and two penalty strokes added.
- T F 87. Inadvertently, the strokes for two holes are transposed on a competitor's card. The total is correct, but one of the holes was lower than actually taken. He is disqualified.
- T F 88. A player is deemed to have addressed the ball when he has taken his stance on the putting green.
- T F 89. To constitute a stroke, the club must move toward the ball, and the player must intend to strike the

ball.

- _____ 90. As a player plays a stroke the club strikes the ball more than once. What is the ruling?
(A) Counted as one stroke
(B) Count stroke and add a penalty stroke
(C) Count stroke, add two penalty strokes.
- T F 91. A ball overhangs the edge of the hole. The ball falls in the hole 8 seconds after it was stroked. The ball must be replaced.
- _____ 92. After determining the proper point of relief from ground under repair, the player's relief is limited to _____ club-length(s) from the point.
(A) Two club lengths
(B) One club-length
(C) Not more than two club-lengths.
- Y N 93. Should I stand directly behind the player when he is addressing the ball or making a stroke?
- Y N 94. If my opponent and I decide not to count whiffs, will I be disqualified?
- Y N 95. In stroke play, do I need to finish putting if my fellow-competitor gives me the putt?
- Y N 96. May I ask my opponent for information on the Rules or Local Rules?
- Y N 97. If my ball falls off or is knocked off the tee when I am addressing it, may I re-tee the ball without penalty?
- Y N 98. May I move the ball without penalty if the ball is behind a clump of grass?
- Y N 99. Through the green, may I step on the ground behind my ball or press it down with my club head?
- Y N 100. Through the green, may I move a loose impediment such as a twig, leaf, or stone away from my ball without penalty if the ball doesn't move?
- Y N 101. Through the green, if I play the wrong ball, may I replace it and then play my own ball without penalty?
- Y N 102. Must I re-drop my ball if it rolls nearer the hole or more than two club-lengths from the point where it first struck the ground?
- Y N 103. Through the green, should I count a stroke if my ball rolls into a new position after I have addressed it and before I have taken my stroke?
- Y N 104. If my ball is lost, must I play my next stroke as nearly as possible from the spot where I last played it and count one penalty stroke?
- Y N 105. If my ball is next to a tree so I cannot play it, is my only choice to drop within two club-lengths away from the tree and add a penalty stroke?
- Y N 106. If my ball goes out of bounds, do I play my next stroke from where it went out and count one penalty stroke?
- Y N 107. If my ball has landed against a drinking fountain, may I play it as it lies or obtain relief at the nearest point (not nearer the hole) for your stance and swing, then drop the ball within one club-length with no penalty?

- Y N 108. Do I have to play my ball out of a puddle of rain water?
- Y N 109. May I place my club head down on the ground before making a stroke in a hazard?
- Y N 110. If my ball lies in or is lost in a water hazard, is my only choice to drop a ball behind the hazard, keeping that point between myself and the hole?
- Y N 111. I am playing a ball from off the green and my ball hits an unattended flagstick, am I charged a penalty stroke?
- Y N 112. In stroke play, will I be penalized if I hit my fellow-competitor's ball on the putting green when I am putting?
- Y N 113. Will I be penalized if I stop playing and come in when I see lightning?
- Y N 114. May the tee markers be moved by the player before or in preparing to play their first shot at a hole?
- _____ 115. Which of the following would be considered advice? Asking
 (A) direction and yardage of the hole.
 (B) pin location on blind green.
 (C) which club the fellow competitor used.
- _____ 116. Your ball comes to rest on a paved cart path. You may
 (A) drop within one club length after obtaining relief for stance and swing not nearer the hole.
 (B) drop within two club lengths after obtaining relief for stance and swing not nearer the hole.
 (C) Play it as it lies
 (D) A and C above
 (E) B and C above.
- _____ 117. A two-stroke penalty is incurred if the ball you hit strikes
 (A) your opponent or his bag
 (B) you or your golf bag
 (C) a dog running across the course
 (D) the ball washer behind the green.
- _____ 118. A ball is lost after you have searched for it
 (A) 10 minutes
 (B) 7 minutes
 (C) 5 minutes
 (D) 3 minutes.
- _____ 119. The ball is out of bounds when
 (A) most of it is out of bounds
 (B) all of it lies out of bounds
 (C) you have to stand out of bounds to play the stroke.
- _____ 120. A player addresses the ball and starts their backswing. During the backswing the ball moves. The player continues the swing and hits the ball. What is the ruling?
 (A) No penalty - play ball as it lies
 (B) One stroke penalty - play ball as it lies
 (C) Two stroke penalty - play ball as it lies
 (D) One stroke penalty - replace ball
 (E) Two stroke penalty - replace ball.

- _____ 121. On the teeing area, how far behind the tee markers can a player tee up the ball?
 (A) up to one club length
 (B) Six feet
 (C) up to two club-lengths.
- _____ 122. When on the putting green, a player can:
 (A) Repair the ball marks
 (B) Repair spike marks
 (C) Remove loose impediments
 (D) Both A & B
 (E) Both A & C.
- _____ 123. Arrange the following in order from the lowest score to the highest score: Par, Double Eagle, Birdie, Double bogey, Bogey, Eagle.
- _____ 124. Water hazards (other than lateral water hazards) are marked by:
 (A) Yellow stakes or lines
 (B) White stakes only
 (C) Red stakes or lines
 (D) Yellow stakes only.
- Y N 125. If a player is uncertain as to his rights or procedure, can they play a second ball and then ask the committee after the round which is correct?
- _____ 126. How many clubs are allowed to be carried in a players bag?
- Y N 127. Should a player put an identification mark on his golf ball?
- T F 128. Should a player put an identification mark on his golf ball?
- T F 129. On the day of the tournament, if the practice green is too full to practice on then a player may practice on one of the greens on the course.
- _____ 130. After a player has holed out, he may practice chipping or putting on or near the green provided it does not delay play.
- T F 131. A player may change balls on the putting green, so that they may putt with a better ball.
- T F 132. If a ball falls off a tee or is knocked off a tee by the player in addressing it, it may be re-teed without penalty.
- _____ 133. A player tees from the white tee markers but should have played from the blues tee markers, he should
 (A) Play the ball as is and add 2 penalty strokes
 (B) Play the ball from within the correct teeing ground and add 2 penalty strokes
 (C) Play the ball from the correct teeing ground and add 1 penalty stroke.
- Y N 134. A player whiffed his tee shot and then nervously nudges the ball off the tee before trying again, is a penalty stroke added?
- _____ 135. If a player grounds his club in a hazard there is (A) a 2 stroke penalty (B) a 1 stroke penalty (C) no penalty.

- T F 136. A stroke is a forward movement of the club made with the intention of striking at and moving the ball.
- T N 137. My competitor and I accidentally exchange balls on a hole, I hit the wrong ball 3 times before we go back to correct the mistake. Do I count those 3 strokes on my score?
- _____ 138. My competitor and I accidentally exchange balls on a hole and finish the hole. We discover the mistake on the next tee. Before we tee off we must
 (A) Agree that the scores shall stand and exchange golf balls
 (B) Add a 2 stroke penalty to each of our scores
 (C) Go back to where the exchange was made, add a 2 stroke penalty and continue play.
- T F 139. The penalty for fixing a spike mark in my line of putt is one stroke.
- _____ 140. If a ball is over hanging the lip of the cup, a player is allowed enough time to reach the hole without unreasonable delay and an additional
 (A) 5 seconds
 (B) 10 seconds
 (C) 15 seconds.
- T F 141. A player is on the putting green and holes a putt without taking the flagstick out of the hole. The player is assessed a 2 stroke penalty.
- T F 142. A player hits his ball and his ball hits his bag. He plays the balls where it lies and adds a 2 stroke penalty.
- _____ 143. A player hits his ball and his ball strikes a fellow-competitor's bag. He
 (A) may replay the stroke with no penalty
 (B) Adds a 2 stroke penalty and plays it as it lies
 (C) may play it as it lies
 (D) A and C
- _____ 144. How many times can you drop a ball before placing it as near as possible to spot where it first struck a part of the course? (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3
- T F 145. Loose impediments are natural objects provided they are not fixed or growing, are not solidly embedded and do not adhere to the ball.
- T F 146. A player shall drop the ball within two club lengths from the nearest point of relief from an immovable object.
- Y N 147. Is a player entitled to relief from a immovable obstruction in a water hazard?
- Y N 148. Is a player entitled to relief if their ball is on a runway made by a burrowing animal?
- Y N 149. If a players ball is embedded in its own pitch mark in the fairway, is the player entitled to relief without penalty?
- T F 150. If a players ball is on the wrong putting green, they must obtain relief by proceeding to the point that is not nearer the hole and is not in a hazard or on a putting green and drop within two club lengths without penalty.

- 1 FALSE - Rule 21 - A ball may be cleaned in this case.
- 2 FALSE - Rule 13-4 - Before making the stroke he is prohibited from touching the ground in the hazard.
- 3 TRUE - Definition: Water Hazard - This statement is contained in the definition.
- 4 TRUE - Rule 6-5 - This is so stated in the Rule.
- 5 True.
- 6 TRUE - Definition: Stance - The definition contains this sentence
- 7 FALSE - Rule 13-2 - The player shall not improve the area where they are about to drop his ball.
- 8 C - Rule 12 - 2 - The extent of cleaning is thus limited.
- 9 TRUE - Decision 12-1/1
- 10 TRUE - Rule 28 - Under penalty of one stroke they may play their next stroke at the spot the ball was last played.
- 11 TRUE - Rule 18-5 - This paraphrases the Rule
- 12 C - Definition: Lateral Water Hazard - This is the statement in the definition.
- 13 TRUE
- 14 FALSE - Rule 18-2 - ...or causes it to move except as permitted by a Rule, the player shall incur a penalty stroke.
- 15 FALSE - Rule 23 - Definitions - Sand on a putting green is a loose impediment and may be removed but Not elsewhere.
- 16 TRUE - Rule 8-2 - The line for putting shall not be touched.
- 17 FALSE - Rule 13-2 - They shall not improve the area of their swing by bending or breaking anything that is growing.
- 18 C - Decisions 22/1
- 19 TRUE - Rule 24-2 - The Rule sets forth this method of relief
- 20 FALSE - Rule 28 - The player is the sole judge as to whether the ball is unplayable.
- 21 TRUE - Rule 20-2 - Rolling beyond two club-lengths requires re-dropping.
- 22 FALSE - Rule 24-2 - They must go the side providing nearest point of relief.
- 23 FALSE - Decision 13 - 2/17 - Such stakes cannot be moved because they are deemed fixed.
- 24 TRUE - Rule 10-3 - This procedure should be followed.
- 25 TRUE - Rule 14-1 - The ball struck at with the head of the club.
- 26 TRUE - Rule 19-1 - If a ball in motion is deflected by an outside agency, it is a "rub of the green"
- 27 TRUE - Definition : Ball in Play - It remains in play until holed out except when it is lost, out of bounds or lifted.
- 28 FALSE - Rule 27-2 and Definition: Lost Ball - The provisional ball became the ball in play when they played the provisional ball beyond the point where the original ball was lost.
- 29 FALSE - Definition: Ground Under Repair - Stakes and lines defining this condition are within such ground.
- 30 FALSE - Rule 25-2 - No relief without penalty for an embedded ball in hazard.
- 31 B - Definition: Holed - The question and answer state the definition.
- 32 TRUE - Rule 13-2 - Improving the lie of his ball in this fashion is prohibited.

- 33 C - Rule 12-2 - Before lifting the ball they must announce their intention to their opponent in match play or a fellow competitor in stroke play.
- 34 TRUE - Decision 4-4a/3
- 35 TRUE - Definition: Out of bounds - The definition contains this statement.
- 36 FALSE - Rule 24-1 - The Rule permits cleaning the ball in this case.
- 37 C - Rule 19-1 - No penalty and the ball is played as it lies after being deflected by an outside agency.
- 38 TRUE - Rule 28 - ...as nearly as possible at the spot the ball was last played.
- 39 B - Rule 27-2 - Rules do not permit a provisional ball if original ball is unplayable or lost in a water hazard.
- 40 FALSE - Rule 24-2 - The Rules permit no relief under these circumstances.
- 41 B - Rule 13-4 - ...the player shall not touch the ground in the hazard with a club.
- 42 TRUE - Definition: Advice - This is stated in the definition.
- 43 B - Rule 5-3 and Rule 21 - This situation prohibits cleaning the ball.
- 44 TRUE - Rule 25-1 - Interference occurs when a ball lies in or touches this condition.
- 45 C - Rule 28 - The Rules provide no relief without a penalty in answers (A) or (B)
- 46 B - Definition: Out of bounds - The line itself is out of bounds. A ball is out of bounds when all of it lies out of bounds.
- 47 FALSE - Rule 20-2 - They shall play the ball as it lies.
- 48 TRUE - Rule 15-3 - The penalty in stroke play for playing a wrong ball is two strokes but the strokes played with the wrong ball do not count.
- 49 FALSE - Rule 25-3 - Since the ball is not on the putting green relief is not permitted.
- 50 FALSE - Rule 24-1 - Since the obstruction (Bench) is movable it must be removed.
- 51 B - Rule 14-3 - ...a towel or handkerchief may be wrapped around the grip.
- 52 TRUE - Rule 3-3 - When doubtful of their rights They may follow this procedure in stroke play.
- 53 FALSE - Rule 24-2 - Relief is permitted not required.
- 54 C - Rule 13-4 - The player shall not touch or move a loose impediment (Limb) in a hazard.
- 55 C - Rule 25-1 - No relief without penalty from a hole of a burrowing animal within a water hazard.
- 56 B - Definition: Loose impediments - On the green but not elsewhere.
- 57 FALSE - Definition: Outside Agency - Neither is an outside agency.
- 58 TRUE - Decision 1-4/9
- 59 FALSE - Rule 28 - They may declare their ball unplayable any place except in a water hazard.
- 60 D - Rule 26-1 - The Rule permits these three options.
- 61 D - Rule 4-4 - The penalty in stroke play is two strokes for each hole played with a maximum penalty or four strokes.
- 62 FALSE - Rule 24-1 - ...The ball shall be lifted without penalty and the obstruction removed. The ball shall then be dropped in the hazard.
- 63 TRUE - Definition: Advice - Matters of public information, such as position of hazards is not advice.
- 64 TRUE - Definition: Loose impediments - This statement is made in the definition.

- 65 TRUE - Rule 14-1 - The ball must be struck with the head of the club.
- 66 FALSE - Definition: Out of bounds - ...is determined by the inside points of the stake.
- 67 FALSE - Definition: Out of Bounds - When out of bounds is defined by a line on the ground, the line itself is out of bounds.
- 68 TRUE - Rule 24-1 - The stake is a movable obstruction therefore may be removed.
- 69 FALSE - Definition: Out of Bounds - A ball is out of bounds when all of it lies out of bounds.
- 70 B - Definition: Lost Ball - The time begins at the time the player's side or caddies begin the search.
- 71 TRUE - Definition: Equipment - Equipment includes these items.
- 72 TRUE - Rule 15-2 and 15-3 - No penalty for a wrong ball played from any hazard.
- 73 TRUE - Rule 25-1 - This is always an option.
- 74 FALSE - Definition: Lost Ball - A player may do this under the Rules.
- 75 C - Parallel to the line of play (Golf Archives)
- 76 FALSE - Rule 25-3 - The player shall lift and drop the ball within a club-length off the green, no nearer the hole.
- 77 TRUE - Rule 3-2 - If they fail to hole out before playing a stroke from the next teeing ground, he shall be disqualified.
- 78 FALSE - Definition: Teeing ground - It is a rectangular area two club-lengths in depth.
- 79 FALSE - Rule 16-1 2/8, 9 & 10 - The question states the Rule in this situation.
- 80 TRUE - Definition: Bunker and Definition: Water Hazard - This is a composite statement of both definitions.
- 81 TRUE - Rule 24-2 - Since there is interference with the player's stance he is permitted relief from the obstruction (Sprinkler head).
- 82 FALSE - Rule 13-2 - This is considered improving the area of his intended swing.
- 83 TRUE - Rule 13-2 - Improving his lie is prohibited.
- 84 TRUE - Rule 24-2 - Since there is no interference relief is prohibited.
- 85 C - Rule 24-1 - Since it is movable he may move the obstruction.
- 86 TRUE - Rule 17-3 - Even though removed, the flagstick may not be struck while putting.
- 87 TRUE - Rule 6-6 - If he returns a score for any hole lower than actually taken, he shall be disqualified.
- 88 FALSE - Definition Addressing the Ball -When he has taken his stance and grounded his club.
- 89 TRUE - Definition: Stroke - This sentence paraphrases the definition.
- 90 B - Rule 14-4 - ...the player shall count the stroke and add a penalty stroke.
- 91 FALSE - Rule 16-2 - The ball is considered holed if it falls into the hole within 10 seconds after the player reaches the hole.
- 92 B - Rule 25-1 - The limitation is one club length.
- 93 NO - The rules of Golf - Etiquette, Page 3
- 94 YES - Rule 1-3 - Players shall not agree to exclude the operation of any Rule or to waive any penalty incurred.
- 95 YES - Rule 3-2 - If a competitor fails to hole out at any hole and does not correct his mistake.....he shall be disqualified.
- 96 YES - Rule 8 Definition - Information on the Rules or on matters of public informationis not advice.

- 97 YES - Rule 11-3 - If a ball, when not in play, falls off a tee or is knocked off a tee by the player addressing it, it may be re-teed without penalty.
- 98 NO - Rule 13-1 - The ball shall be played as it lies, except as otherwise provided in the Rules.
- 99 NO - Rule 13-2 - A player shall not improve or allow to be improved the position or lie of his ball. The club may be grounded only lightly and shall not be pressed on the ground.
- 100 YES - Rule 23-1 - Except when both the loose impediment and the ball lie in or touch the same hazard, any loose impediment may be removed without penalty.
- 101 NO - Rule 15-3 - If a competitor plays a stroke or strokes with a wrong ball, he shall incur a penalty of two strokes.
- 102 YES - Rule 20-2c-vi and Rule 20-2c-vii - The question states this.
- 103 YES - Rule 18-2b - The player shall be deemed to have moved the ball and shall incur a penalty stroke.
- 104 YES - Rule 27-1 - The player shall play a ball, under penalty of one stroke, as nearly as possible at the spot from which the original ball was last played.
- 105 NO - Rule 28 - Play as near as possible at spot from where original ball was played or Drop within two club lengths not nearer the hole, or drop behind the point where the ball lay, keeping point directly between the hole and the spot where the ball is to be dropped.
- 106 NO - Rule 27-1 - The player shall play a ball, under penalty of one stroke, as nearly as possible at the spot from which the original ball was last played.
- 107 YES - Rule 24-2b-i - The player shall lift the ball and drop it within one club-length of the point thus determined on a part of the course which fulfills parts of rule 24a, b, and c.
- 108 NO - Rule 25-1 - The player shall lift the ball and drop it without penalty within one club length.
- 109 NO - Rule 13-4 b - The player shall not touch the ground in the hazard or water in the water hazard with a club or otherwise.
- 110 NO - Rule 26-1 - Player may also Play a ball as nearly as possible at the spot from which the original ball was last played and add one stroke. (Stroke and distance)
- 111 NO - Tom Watsons rules of golf - Page 78 - If your ball is off the putting green, there is no penalty for hitting the flagstick so long as you did not authorize someone to attend it.
- 112 YES - Rule 19-5a -No penalty unless both balls lay on the putting green prior to the stroke, in which case the player incurs a penalty of two strokes.
- 113 NO - Rule 6-8 - The player shall not discontinue play unless: (ii)he believes there is danger from lightning.
- 114 NO - Rule 11-2 - ...The tee markers are deemed to be fixed.
- 115 C - Rule 8 - Information on matters of public information, such as flagstick on green is not advice. In (A) yardage may be asked from a permanent object, not from your ball. In (C) you may look in your opponents bag to see what club was used.
- 116 D - Rule 24-2b(i) - (A) The player shall lift the ball and drop it within one club-length of the point..... (C) Play as it lies.
- 117 B - Rule 19-2b - If a ball is accidentally deflected or stopped by himself...or equipment, the

- competitor shall incur a penalty of two strokes.
- 118 C - Rule 27 Definition (a) - A ball is "lost" if it is not found or identified as his by the player within five minutes after the player has begun to search for it.
- 119 B - Out of Bounds Definition - A ball is out of bounds when all of it lies out of bounds.
- 120 B - Rule 18-2b - The player shall be deemed to have moved the ball and incur a penalty stroke. The player shall replace the ball unless the movement of the ball occurs after he has begun his swing and he does not discontinue his swing.
- 121 C - Teeing Ground Definition - It a rectangular area two club-lengths in depth....
- 122 E - Rule 16-1a - The player may move (i) ...loose impediments. (vi) repair old hole plugs or ball marks on the putting green.
- 123 Double Eagle, Eagle, Birdie, Par, Bogey, Double Bogey.
- 124 A - Definition Water Hazard Note1 - Water hazards would be defined by yellow stakes or lines.
- 125 YES - Rule 3-3 - In stroke play only, he may, without penalty, play a second ball.
- 126 14 - Rule 4-4 - The player shall start a round with not more than 14 clubs.
- 127 YES - Rule 6-5 - Each player should put an identification mark on his ball.
- 128 FALSE - Rule 6.6d - If he returns a score for any hole lower than actually taken, he shall be disqualified. If he returns a score for any hole higher than actually taken, the score as returned shall stand.
- 129 FALSE - Rule 7-1b - A competitor shall not practice on the competition course or test the surface of any putting green on the course before a round or play-off.
- 130 TRUE - Rule 7.2 - The player may practice putting or chipping on or near the putting green of the last hole played, on any practice putting green, or the teeing ground of the next hole to be played in the round.
- 131 FALSE - RULE 15-1 - A player must hole out with the ball played from the teeing ground unless a Rule permits him to substitute another ball.
- 132 TRUE - Rule 11-3 - The rule states this.
- 133 B - RULE 11-4 - If a competitor plays a ball from outside the teeing ground, he shall incur a penalty of two strokes and shall then play a ball from within the teeing ground.
- 134 YES - RULE 11-4 (Tom Watsons Rules of Golf page 55) - The ball was put in play with the whiff.
- 135 A - RULE 13-4 - ...the player shall not: (b) Touch the ground in the hazard with club... Penalty for breach of rule: Stroke play Two strokes
- 136 TRUE - RULE 14 - Definition - This is the definition.
- 137 NO - RULE 15-3 - Strokes played by a competitor with a wrong ball do not count in his score.
- 138 C - RULE 15-3 - If a competitor plays a stroke with a wrong ball e shall incur a penalty of two strokes... The competitor must correct his mistake by playing the correct ball.
- 139 FALSE - RULE 16-2 - Penalty for breach of rule 16-1 - 2 Strokes.
- 140 B - RULE 16-2 - ...an additional ten seconds to determine whether the ball is at rest.

- 141 TRUE - RULE 17-3c - The player's ball shall not strike the flagstick in the hole when the ball has been played from the putting green. Breach of the rule, Two stroke penalty and play the ball as it lies.
- 142 TRUE - RULE 19-2b - If a competitor's ball is accidentally deflected or stopped by himself or his equipment, the competitor shall incur a penalty of two strokes.
- 143 D - RULE 19-3 - If a player's ball is deflected or stopped by an opponent or his equipment, no penalty is incurred. ...may play the ball as it lies or may replay the stroke without penalty.
- 144 B - RULE 20-3 - If the ball when redropped rolls into a positionit shall be placed....
- 145 TRUE - RULE 23 Definition - The rule states this.
- 146 FALSE - RULE 24-2 - The player shall lift the ball and drop it within one club-length of the point
- 147 NO - RULE 24-2 Note 1 - If a ball is in a water hazard the player is not entitled to relief without penalty....
- 148 YES - RULE 25-1 - Interference by... a runway made by a burrowing animal ... the player may either play the ball as it lies or take relief .
- 149 YES - RULE 25-2 - A ball embedded in its own pitch mark...it may be lifted, cleaned, and dropped without penalty, as near as possible to the spot where it lay...
- 150 FALSE - RULE 25-3 - ...drop without penalty within one club length of the point.....